

Kudla-Rapoport special cycles and More AFL conjectures

Kudla Fest

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Plan

- I) Arithmetic GGP for Bessel models
 - II) RZ spaces for non-red group
 - III) Connection to KR cycles
 - IV) AFL conjectures for "Bessel cycles"
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I) AGGP

G reductive \mathbb{Q}

(H, G) spherical G/H

Example $G = U(m) \times U(m+1)$

$H = U(m)$

$$\langle \text{Sh}_H \pi, \text{Sh}_H \pi \rangle_{\text{Sh}_G} = L'(\pi, \frac{1}{2})$$

H red $\iff G/H$ affine

Today: H non-red.



Photo courtesy: Jeff Mozzochi.

Bessel subgroup

$$F \text{ is } n = m+1 + 2r \quad m \geq 1, \quad r \geq 0$$

F/F_0 : quadratic, $V = \text{Hermitian space}$

$$\dim_F V = n$$

$$G(V) = U(V)$$

Filtration:

$$0 = V_0 \subset V_1 \subset \dots \subset V_r \subset V_{r+1} \subset \dots \subset V_{2r+1} = V$$

$$W^\# := V_{r+1} / V_r \quad \dim W^\# = m+1$$

$$u \in W^\# \quad W = \langle u \rangle^\perp$$

$$(u, u) \neq 0$$

parabolic subgroup & Bessel subgroup

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} H & \hookrightarrow & P & \longrightarrow & G(V) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\ G(W) & \hookrightarrow & M & = & G(W^\#) \times \prod_{i=1}^r GL_{1,F} \end{array}$$

Bessel subgp

$$H \longrightarrow G = G(W) \times G(V)$$

$$r = 0 \quad H \cong U(W)$$

$$V = W^\#$$

(Integral) RZ datum (unramified, EL/PZL)

F / \mathbb{Q}_p : finite unramified

V : F -vect space

$(\cdot, \cdot) : V \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}_p$ (PEL case)

$G := GL(V)$ \mathbb{Q}_p -alg gp

$\mu : \mathbb{G}_m \rightarrow G \cdot \bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p$

$[b] \in B(G) = \sigma$ -conj classes in $G(\bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p)$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p = W(F)[\frac{1}{p}] \\ F = \bar{F}_p \end{array} \right)$$

$\Lambda \subseteq V$ \mathcal{O}_F -lattice (of full rank)
self dual (PEL case)

Remark:

① $(V_{\bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p}, b\sigma)$: isocrystal.

will assume : $[b]$ basic.

② from μ , $V_{\bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p} = V^0 \oplus V^1$
 $V_{\bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p} = V^0 \oplus V^1$

Filtered RZ datum

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 = V_0 \subseteq \dots \subseteq V_r \subseteq V \\ \mu \rightarrow P_{\bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p} \rightarrow G \bar{\mathbb{Q}}_p \\ 0 = V_0 \subseteq \dots \subseteq V_r \subseteq V_{r+1} \subseteq \dots \subseteq V_{2r+1} \\ \parallel \\ \downarrow \end{array} \right.$$

RZ formal moduli space

$\text{Nilp}_p = \text{Schemes} / \text{Spec } \mathbb{Z}_p$
 p locally nilpotent

(X, \mathcal{L}) (PEL case: $(X, \mathcal{L}, \lambda)$)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} X: \quad p\text{-div gp} / S \in \text{Nilp}_p \\ \mathcal{L}: \quad \mathcal{O}_F \longrightarrow \text{End}(X) \\ (\lambda: \quad X \longrightarrow X^\vee \quad \text{prin polarization.}) \end{array} \right.$$

s.t. Kollwitz sign: $\text{Char}(a | \text{Lie } X) = \text{Char}(a | V_0)$
 $a \in \mathcal{O}_F$

Also fix a framing object

(X, \mathcal{L}) $(X, \mathcal{L}, \lambda)$ over $\text{Spec } F$

Moduli functor of Rapoport-Zink.

$\mathcal{N}: \text{Nilp} \longrightarrow \text{Sets}$

$$S \longmapsto \{ (X, \mathcal{L}, \rho_X) \}$$

$\rho_X: X \times_S \bar{S} \longrightarrow X \times_{\mathbb{F}} \bar{S}$: quasi-isogeny

framing

$$\bar{S} = S \times_{\mathbb{Z}_p} \mathbb{F}$$

Theorem (RZ)

\mathcal{N} : formally smooth over $\text{Spt } \mathbb{Z}_p$
locally noetherian formal scheme.

Example (EL case)

$$F = \mathbb{Q}_p.$$

$$G \cong GL_n \cdot \mathbb{Q}_p$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} X: \quad p\text{-div gp } / S \in \text{Nil}_p \\ \iota: \quad \mathbb{Z}_p \longrightarrow \text{End}(X) \end{array} \right.$$

(Kollwitz sign. \Leftrightarrow dimension of X)
 \parallel
 $\dim V_0 = d$

framing object:

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbb{X} : \quad p\text{-div gp over } \mathbb{F} \\ \text{of height} = n, \quad \dim = d \end{array}$$

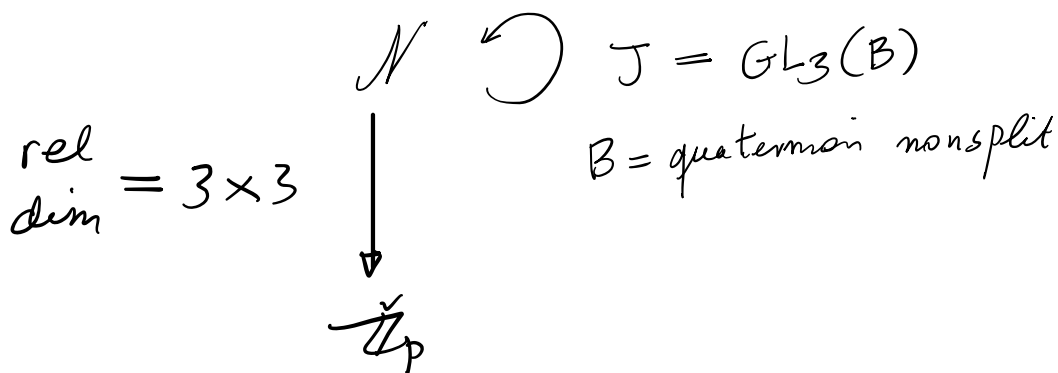
Example

(1) $d = 1$. Lubin-Tate space $\mathcal{J} = D_{1/n}^*$

(2) $d = 3$. $n = 6$ (slope = $\frac{1}{2}$)

$$\mathbb{X} = \mathbb{E} \times \mathbb{E} \times \mathbb{E}$$

\mathbb{E} : "supersingular" $\dim = 1$
 $\text{height} = 2$



Example: unitary RZ space

$F_0 (= \mathbb{Q}_p)$, $F = \text{unram quad of } F_0$
 $V: F/F_0 - \text{Hermitian space}$
 $\Lambda \subseteq V: \text{self dual lattice}$
 $\mu \rightsquigarrow \text{sign of } F \text{ action on } V \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}_p} \overline{\mathbb{Q}_p}$
 (r, s)

$(X, \iota, \lambda): \text{unitary } p\text{-div gp}$

$\iota: \mathcal{O}_F \rightarrow \text{End}(X)$

$\lambda: X \rightarrow X^\vee$

Kottwitz condition: $\text{Char}(a | \text{Lie } X) = (T-a)^r (T-\bar{a})^s$
 $\in \mathcal{O}_S[T]$

$\mathcal{N}_n: \text{Nilp} \rightarrow \text{Sets}$ Height = 0

$S \mapsto (X, \iota, \lambda, \rho)$

$\mathcal{N}_n \rightarrow \text{Spf } \mathcal{O}_F^\vee$ rel dim = rs

Will assume: $(rs) = (n-1, 1)$

Special case: $n=1$

$\mathcal{N}_1 = \text{Spf } \mathcal{O}_F^\vee$,

$(\mathcal{E}, \iota, \lambda)$ canonical lifting

RZ space for "non-red" group

$$\mathcal{P} = GL_2(V, \text{Fil}) \subseteq G \quad (\text{EL} / \text{pEL case})$$

"filtered" RZ datum (unramified)

$$(\mathcal{X}_\bullet, \iota, \lambda)$$

$$\mathcal{X}_\bullet = \circ = \mathcal{X}_0 \subseteq \mathcal{X}_1 \subseteq \dots \subseteq \mathcal{X}_r = \mathcal{X}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{N}_\mathcal{P} & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{N}_G \\ \downarrow \pi & & \\ \mathcal{N}_M & & \end{array}$$

Theorem: π smooth.
(dim computable.)

Example

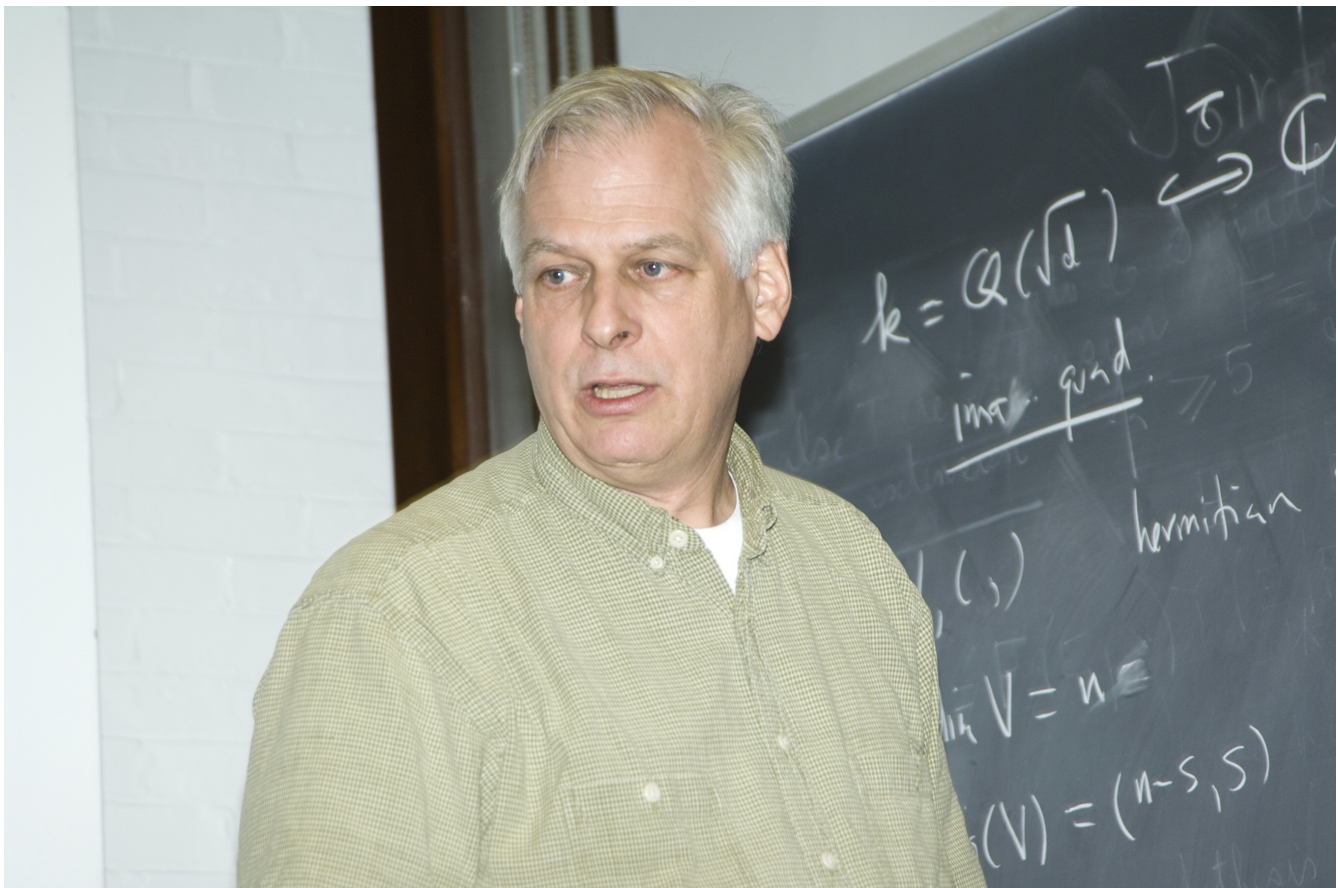
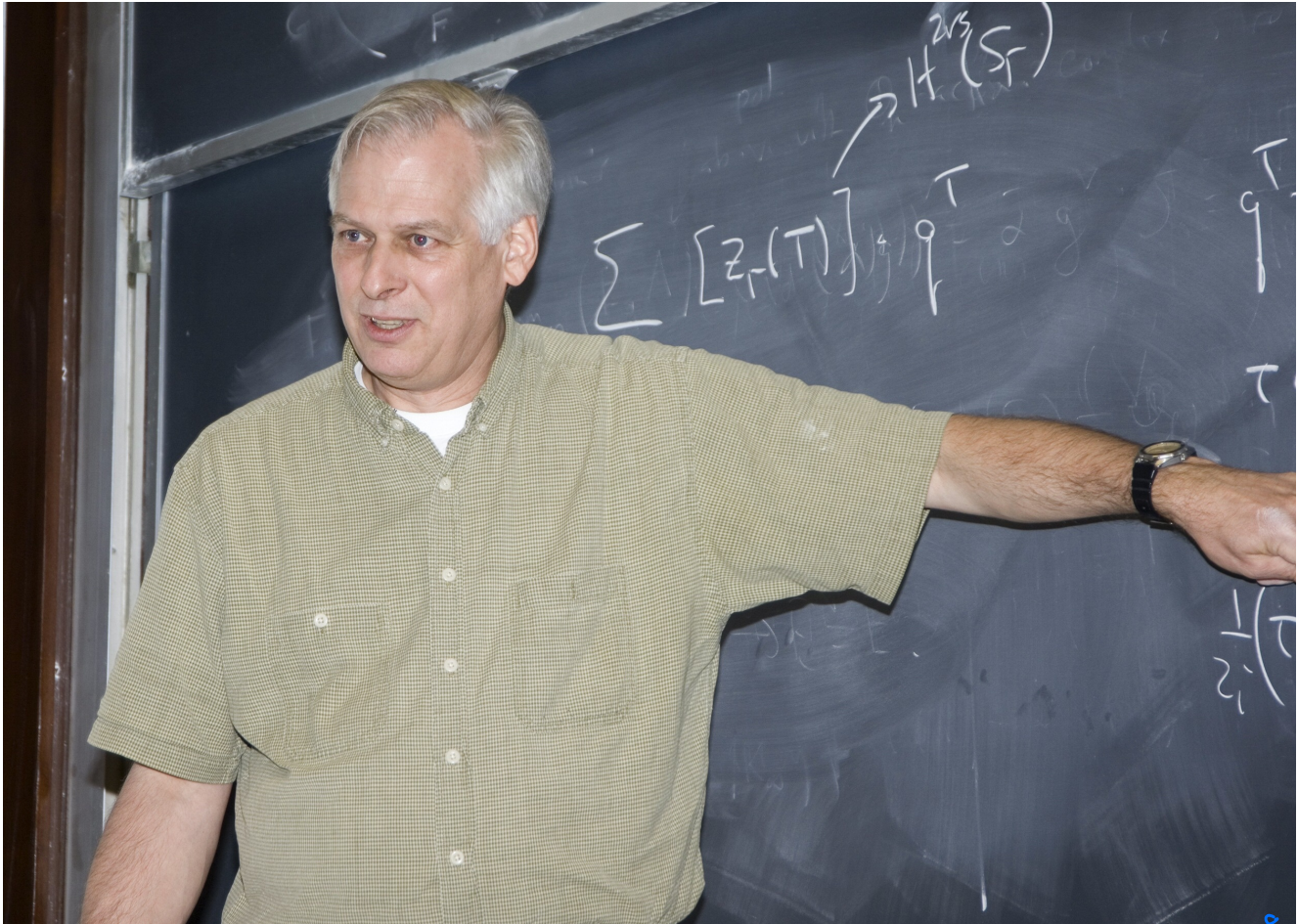
$$(2) \quad \mathcal{P} = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \square & & & & & \\ & \square & & & & \\ & & \square & & & \\ & & & \square & & \\ & & & & \square & \\ & & & & & \square \end{pmatrix} \right\} \subseteq G = GL_6 \cdot \mathbb{Q}_p$$

slope $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{N}_\mathcal{P} & \xrightarrow{\text{loc closed}} & \mathcal{N}_G \\ \downarrow & \text{rel dim} = 3 & \\ LT_{\frac{1}{2}} \times LT_{\frac{1}{2}} \times LT_{\frac{1}{2}} & & \end{array}$$

Kudla-Rapoport special cycles

Photo courtesy: Jeff Mozzochi



Global cycles

$$Z(m) = \left\{ A_0 \xrightarrow{\varphi} A \right\}$$

$\langle \varphi, \varphi \rangle = m \geq 0$

\mathcal{M}_1
 $(A_0 \subset \lambda_0)$

\mathcal{M}_m
 $(A \subset \lambda)$

(can then form "Theta series":

$$\sum_{m \geq 0} [Z(m)] q^m \in CH(\mathcal{M}) \otimes \mathbb{Z}[q]$$

Local cycles

RR Hermitian space of "special homo"

$$u \in V_n = \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\mathbb{E}, X_n) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}_p} \mathbb{Q}_p$$

$\langle u, u \rangle = 0$

$$Z(u) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{E} & \xrightarrow{\tilde{u}} & X \\ \uparrow \rho_0 & & \uparrow \rho_X \\ \mathbb{E} & \xrightarrow{u} & X_n \end{array} \right\}$$

\mathcal{N}_1
 $(\mathbb{E} \subset \lambda_p)$

\mathcal{N}_m
 $(X \subset \lambda \rho_X)$

\mathcal{O}_F -Lattice $L \subseteq V \rightsquigarrow Z(L) = \bigcap_{i=1}^r Z(u_i)$
 \parallel
 $\langle u_1, \dots, u_r \rangle$

Fact: (a) $Z(u)$ relative Cartier div.
 $u \neq 0$

(b) $\text{rank}(L) = n \Rightarrow Z(L)$ proper scheme.

Defn: $Z(L)^\dagger =$ formally smooth locus of $Z(L) \rightarrow \text{Spf } \mathcal{O}_F$

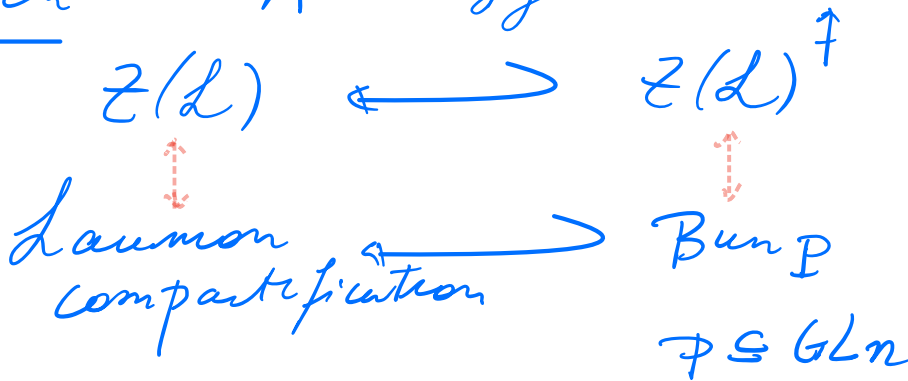
Theorem: (P as in Bessel subgroup)

$$\mathcal{N}_P \xrightarrow{\sim} \bigsqcup_{L \subseteq V_r} Z(L)^\dagger$$

\mathcal{O}_F -lattices of $\text{rk} = r$

totally isotropic

Remark Analogy



Bessel cycle

(generalized arith. diagonal cycle)

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \mathcal{N}_H & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{N}_p & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{N}_n \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \text{smooth, rel dim} = r \\
 \mathcal{N}_m & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{N}_M & &
 \end{array}$$

loc. closed, $\text{codim} = r$

$$\mathcal{N}_H \longrightarrow \mathcal{N}_{n,m} = \mathcal{N}_n \times_{\text{Spl } \mathbb{Q}^v} \mathcal{N}_m$$

$$\text{Int}(g) := \left\{ \mathcal{N}_H, g \mathcal{N}_H \right\}_{\mathcal{N}_{n,m}}$$

$$g \in G(W) \times G(W)$$



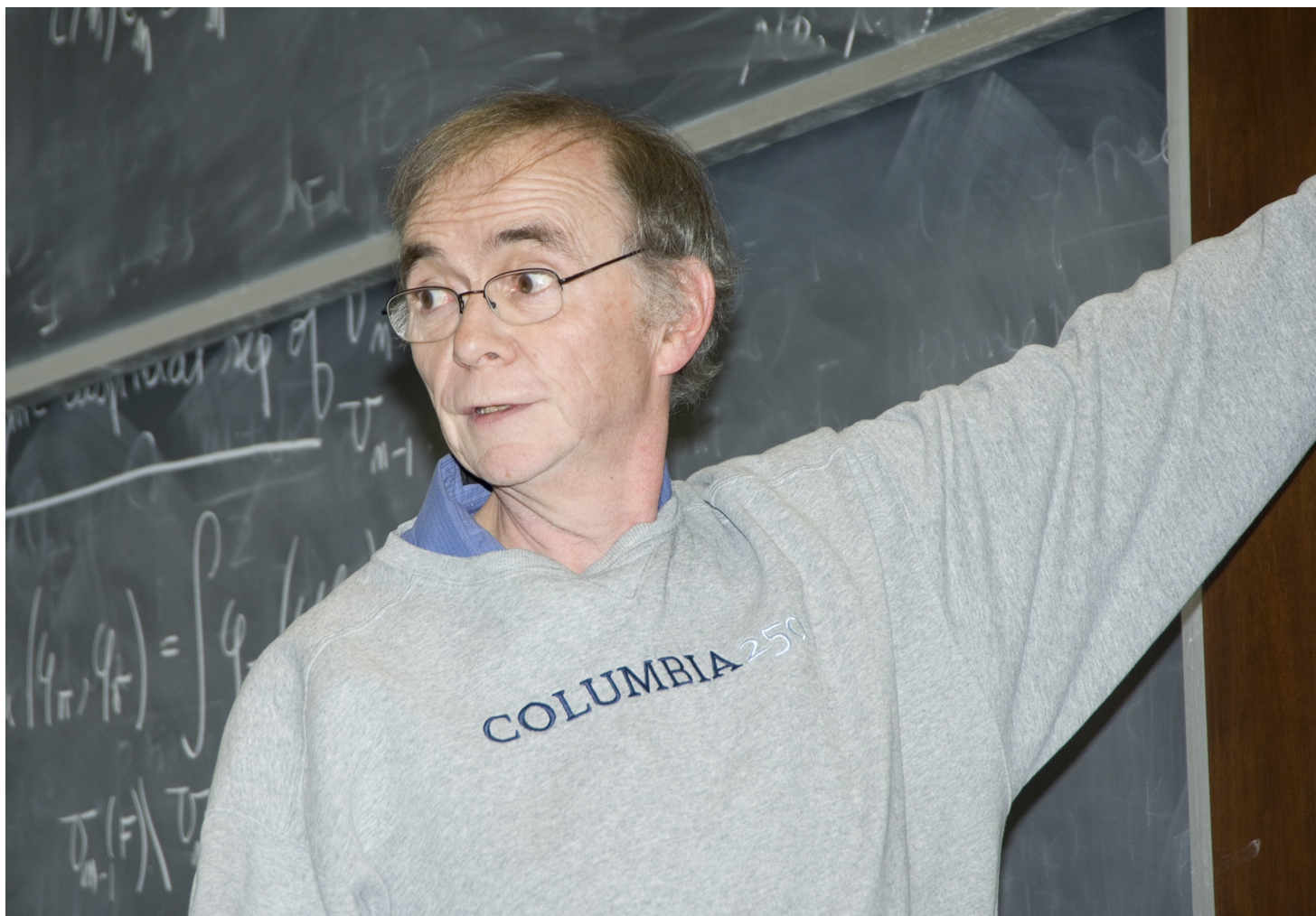
a) Add weight to \mathcal{N}_H

$$\pi_0(\mathcal{N}_H) = ?$$

b) compactification?

AFL conjecture for Benel cycles

Relative Trace formula { Jacquet-Rallis
(Analytic / L-function side) Liu Yifeng



$$\mathbb{H} \hookrightarrow S_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \gamma \in GL_n F \mid \gamma \bar{\gamma} = 1_n \} \\ \xrightarrow{\sim} GL_n F / GL_n F_0$$

\Rightarrow orbital integral (J-R, Liu)

$$\text{orb}(\gamma, \varphi) := \int_{H(F_0)} \varphi(h^{-1} \gamma h) \eta(h) |\det(h)|^s dh$$

$$(r=0 \text{ case } H = GL_{n-1} F_0)$$

Conjecture (AFL)

$$\pm \text{Int}(g) \log p = \frac{d}{ds} \Big|_{s=0} \text{orb}(\gamma, \frac{1}{S_n(F_0)})$$

for all $g \longleftrightarrow \gamma \in S_n(F_0)_{\text{reg}}$

Remark More examples: G/H non-affine

a) Gonzalez-Rallis

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} H & \longrightarrow & P & \longrightarrow & G = GL_6 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\ GL_2 & \xrightarrow{\varrho} & GL_2 & \wr & \end{array}$$

L-function: $\Lambda^3 GL_6$

b) Exceptional groups

$$H \cong GL_2 \times N \hookrightarrow E_7.$$

(Ginzburg, Wan-Zhang)

L-function: degree = 56.

dim of "Shimura variety" = 27.