

Computational Barriers to Estimation from Low-Degree Polynomials

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Joint work with:



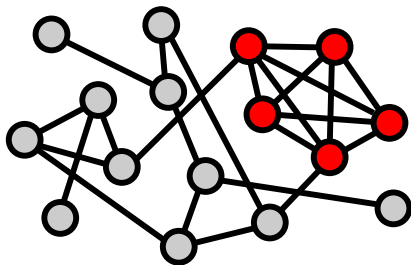
Tselil Schramm

Stanford

Part I: Why Low-Degree Polynomials?

Problems in High-Dimensional Statistics

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What makes problems easy vs hard?

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Originated from sum-of-squares literature (for detection)

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Today: self-contained motivation (without SoS)

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- ▶ Or any of the above applied to $\tilde{Y} = g(Y)$ $\deg g = O(1)$

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Caveat: Gaussian elimination for planted XOR-SAT

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Part II: Detection

Detection (e.g. [Hopkins, Steurer '17])

Goal: hypothesis test with error probability $o(1)$ between:

- ▶ Null model $Y \sim \mathbb{Q}_n$ e.g. $G(n, 1/2)$
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Extended low-degree conjecture [Hopkins '18]:

degree- D polynomials $\Leftrightarrow n^{\tilde{\Theta}(D)}$ -time algorithms

$$D = n^\delta \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \exp(n^{\delta \pm o(1)}) \text{ time}$$

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$$\text{Proof: } \hat{L}_S = \mathbb{E}_{Y \sim \mathbb{Q}} [L(Y)Y^S] = \mathbb{E}_{Y \sim \mathbb{P}} [Y^S] \quad \hat{f}_S^* = \mathbb{E}_{Y \sim \mathbb{P}} [Y^S] \mathbb{1}_{|S| \leq D}$$

Part III: Recovery

Planted Submatrix

Example (planted submatrix): observe $n \times n$ matrix $Y = X + Z$

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This closes detection-recovery gap partially but **not all the way**

Low-Degree Recovery

Example (planted submatrix): observe $n \times n$ matrix $Y = X + Z$

- ▶ Signal: $X = \lambda v v^\top$ $\lambda > 0$ $v_i \sim \text{Bernoulli}(\rho)$
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Equivalent to low-degree maximum correlation:

$$\text{Corr}_{\leq D} = \max_{f \text{ deg } D} \frac{\mathbb{E}[f(Y) \cdot v_1]}{\sqrt{\mathbb{E}[f(Y)^2]}}$$

Fact: $\text{MMSE}_{\leq D} = \mathbb{E}[v_1^2] - \text{Corr}_{\leq D}^2$

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For hardness, want upper bound on $\text{Corr}_{\leq D} = \max_{f \text{ deg } D} \frac{\mathbb{E}[f(Y) \cdot v_1]}{\sqrt{\mathbb{E}[f(Y)^2]}}$

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Seems difficult to handle M^{-1}

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Scalar value to recover: x

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- ▶ if $\lambda \gg \min\{1, \frac{1}{\rho\sqrt{n}}\}$ then $\text{MMSE}_{\leq O(\log n)} = o(\rho)$
low-degree polynomials succeed in the “easy” regime

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- ▶ Implications for other algorithms?
 - ▶ E.g. convex programming, MCMC

References

- ▶ **Detection (survey article)**
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