

Piecewise Adiabatic Passage

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Work in progress

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Two limits of quantum control

Perturbative control with shaped broadband pulses

flexible, intuitive
reaches many goals
fast



often too sensitive
to pulse parameters,
or transferred population
is small



Adiabatic passage

not flexible, reaches few goals
inherently slow

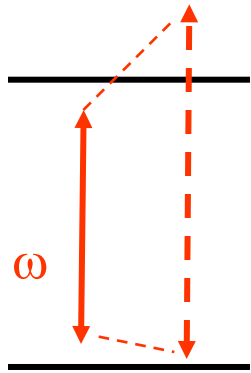


complete population transfer,
robust with respect to particular
pulse parameters



Looking for a method that is fast, flexible, but robust; and intuitively simple.

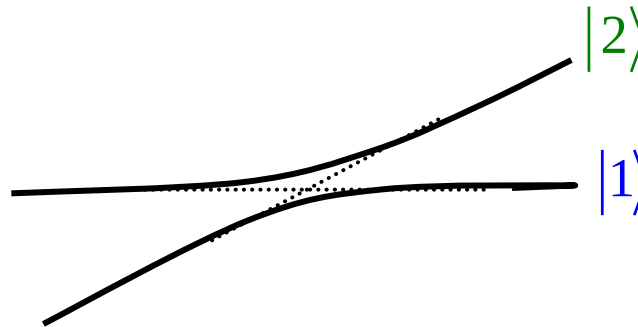
The simplest adiabatic passage.



$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \varepsilon \hat{\mu} \cos \omega t$$

$$\hat{H}_{eff} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \Omega/2 \\ \Omega^*/2 & \Delta \end{pmatrix} \quad \Delta = E_2 - (E_1 + \omega)$$

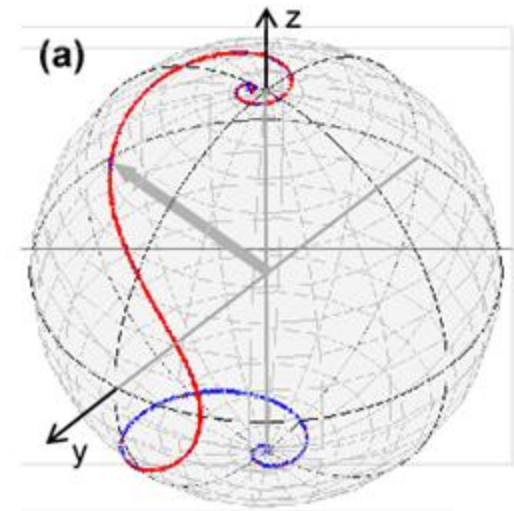
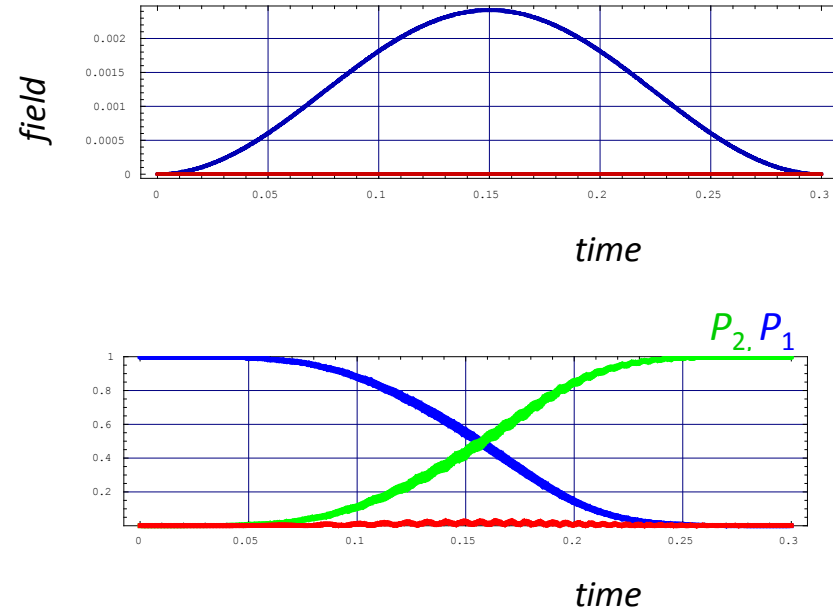
Start in $|1\rangle$, slowly chirp ω ,
end up in $|2\rangle$



Adiabaticity:

$$\dot{\theta} \ll \sqrt{\Omega^2 + \Delta^2} \quad \text{where} \quad \tan 2\theta = \Omega / \Delta$$

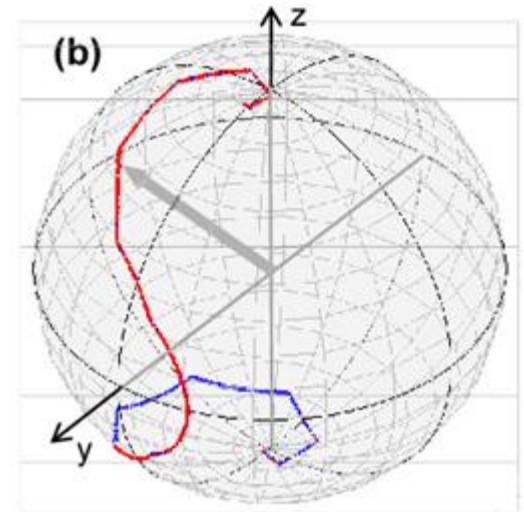
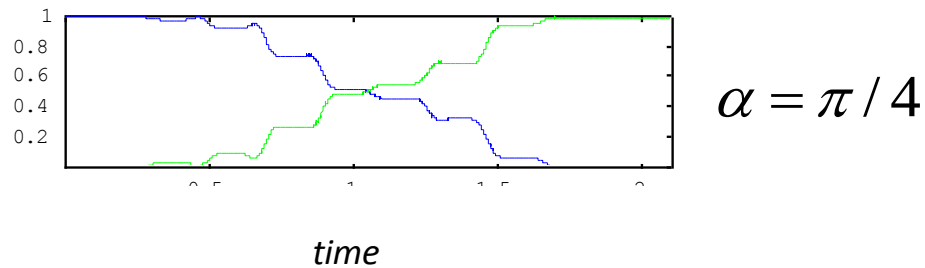
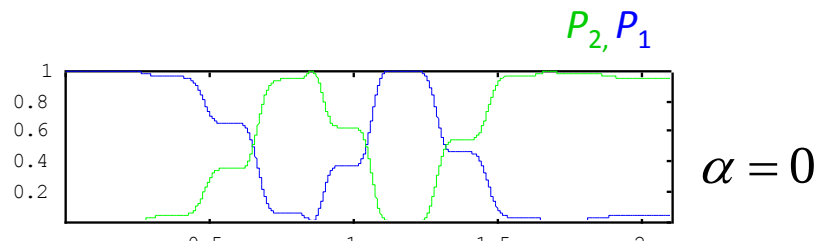
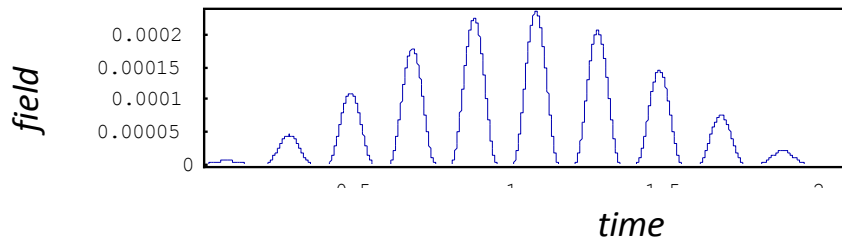
2-state AP in Na



Bloch vector evolution
in the resonance frame:
spiral

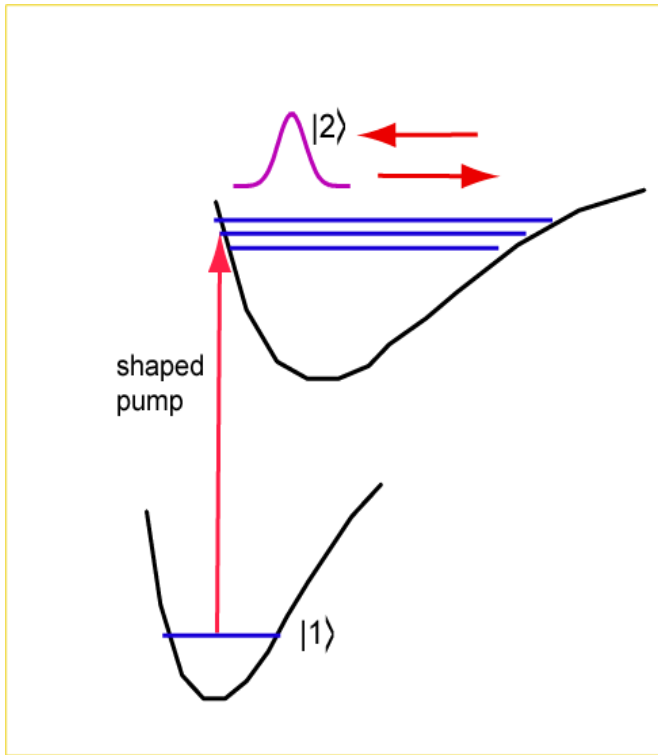
Piecewise 2-state AP in Na

$$\phi_n = \alpha(n - n_0)^2 / 2$$



Bloch vector evolution:
piecewise spiral

Transfer into a molecular wave packet.

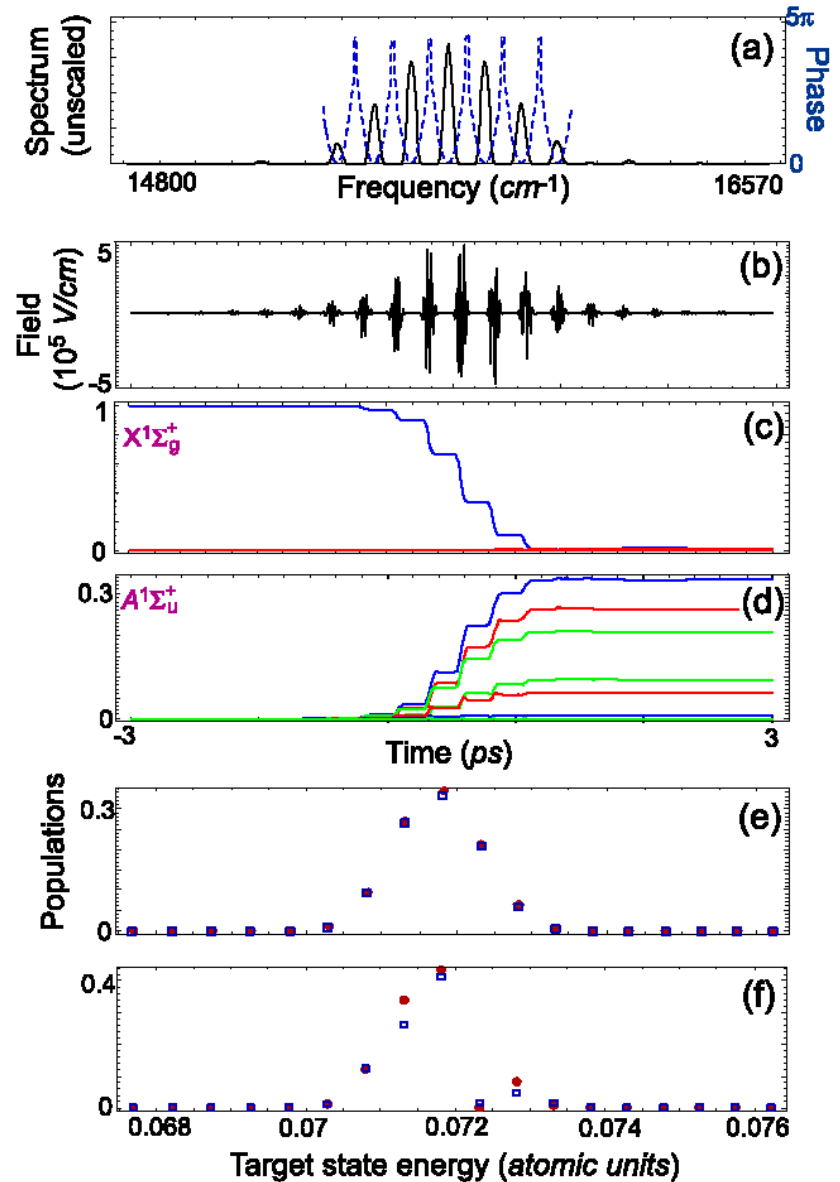
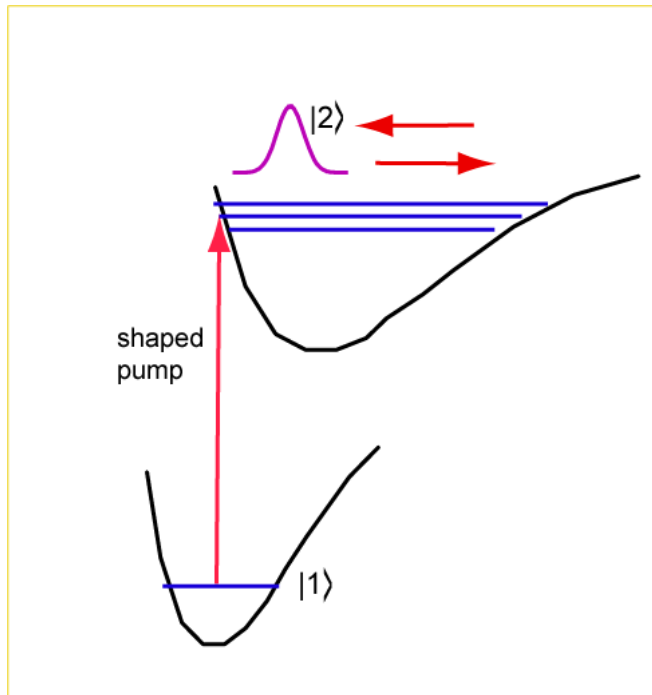


Shaped femtosecond pulses separated by the vibrational period of the wave packet;

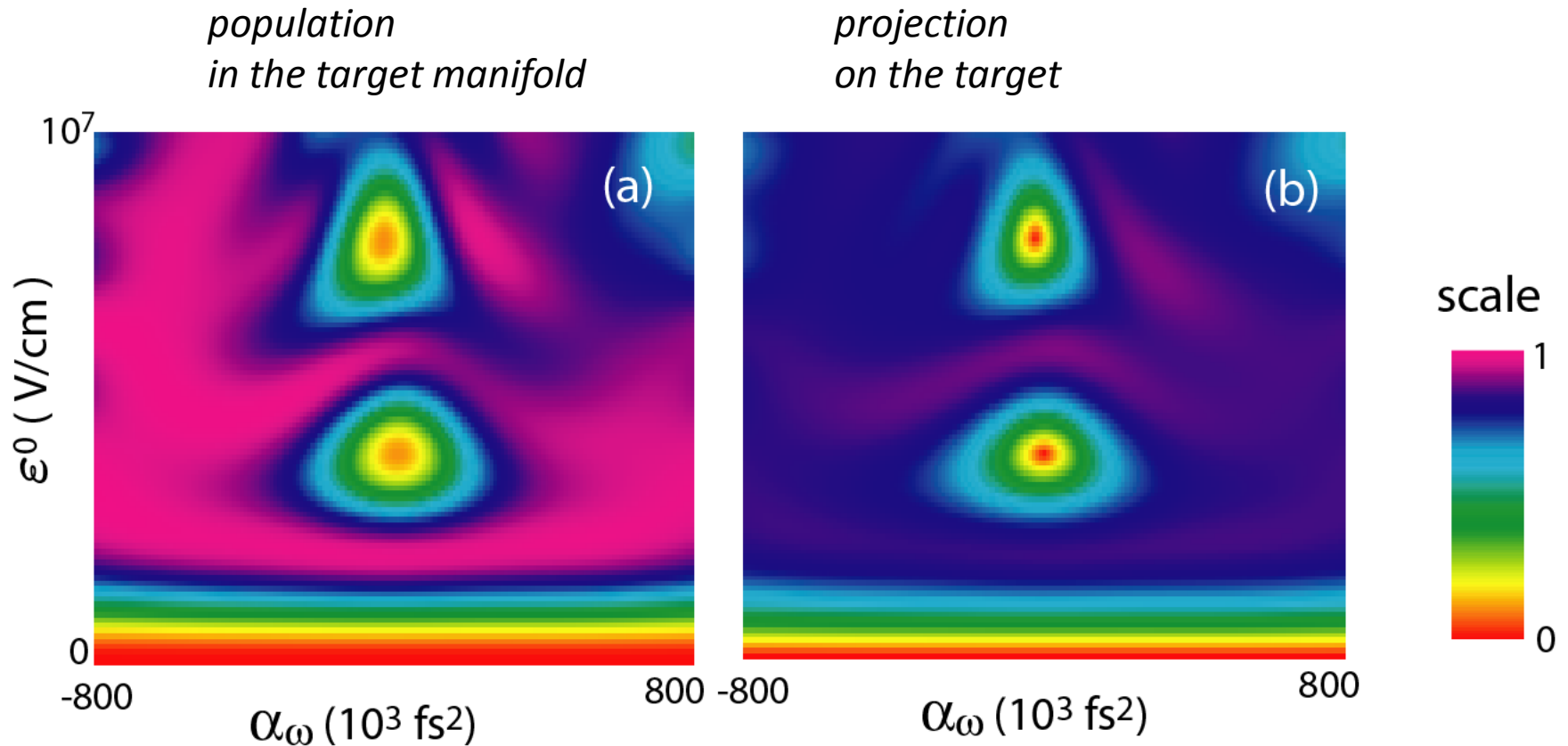
Quadratic phase variation ensures robust and complete population transfer;

Pulse shaping controls the state amplitudes in the wave packet.

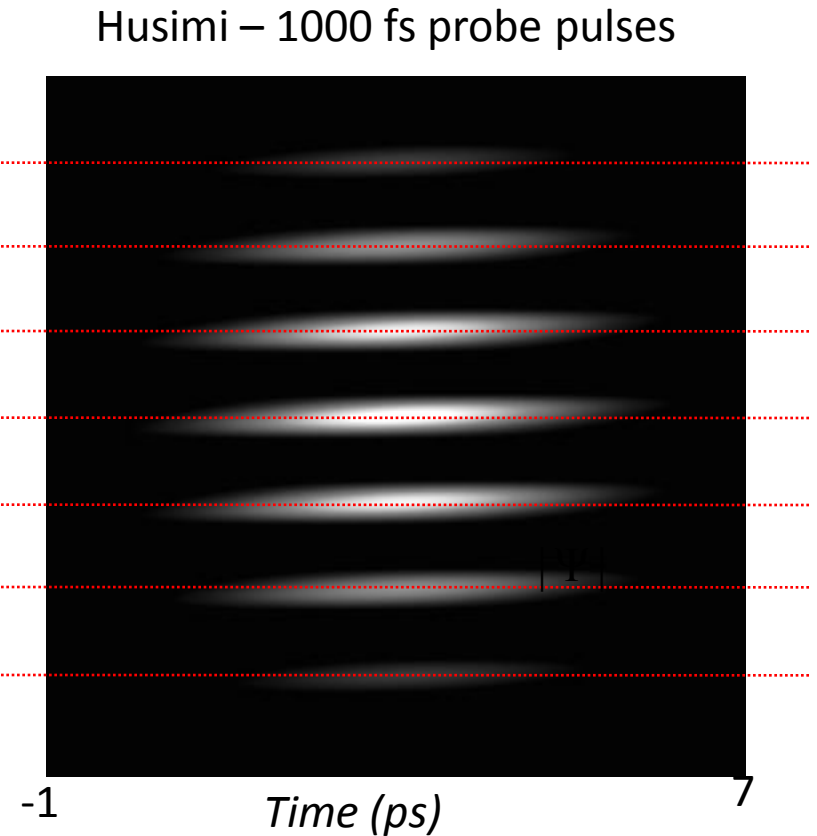
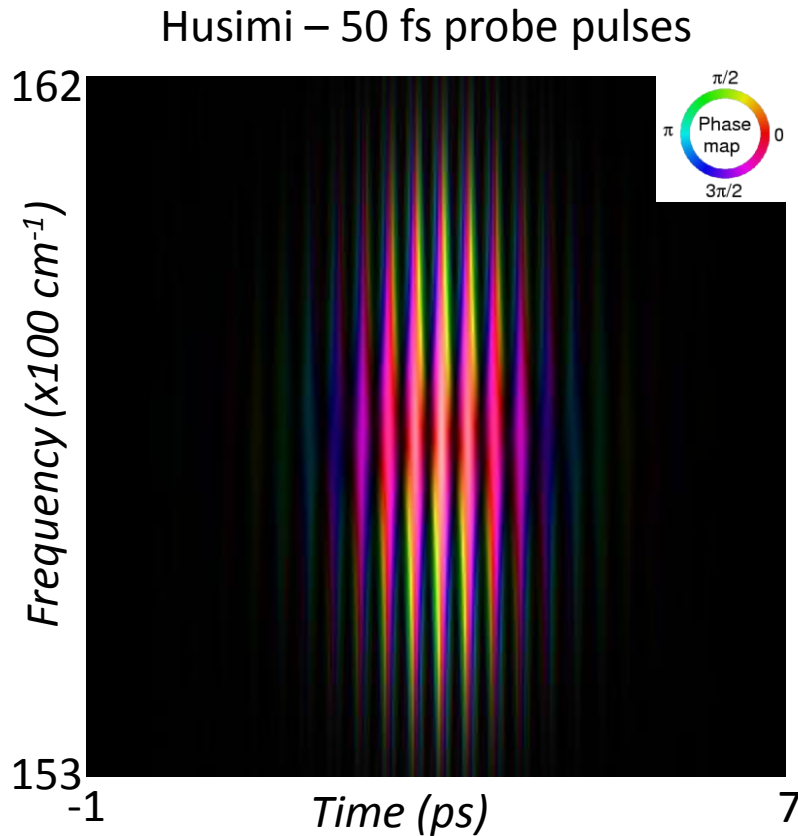
Transfer into a molecular wave packet. Na_2 .



Transfer into a molecular wave packet.



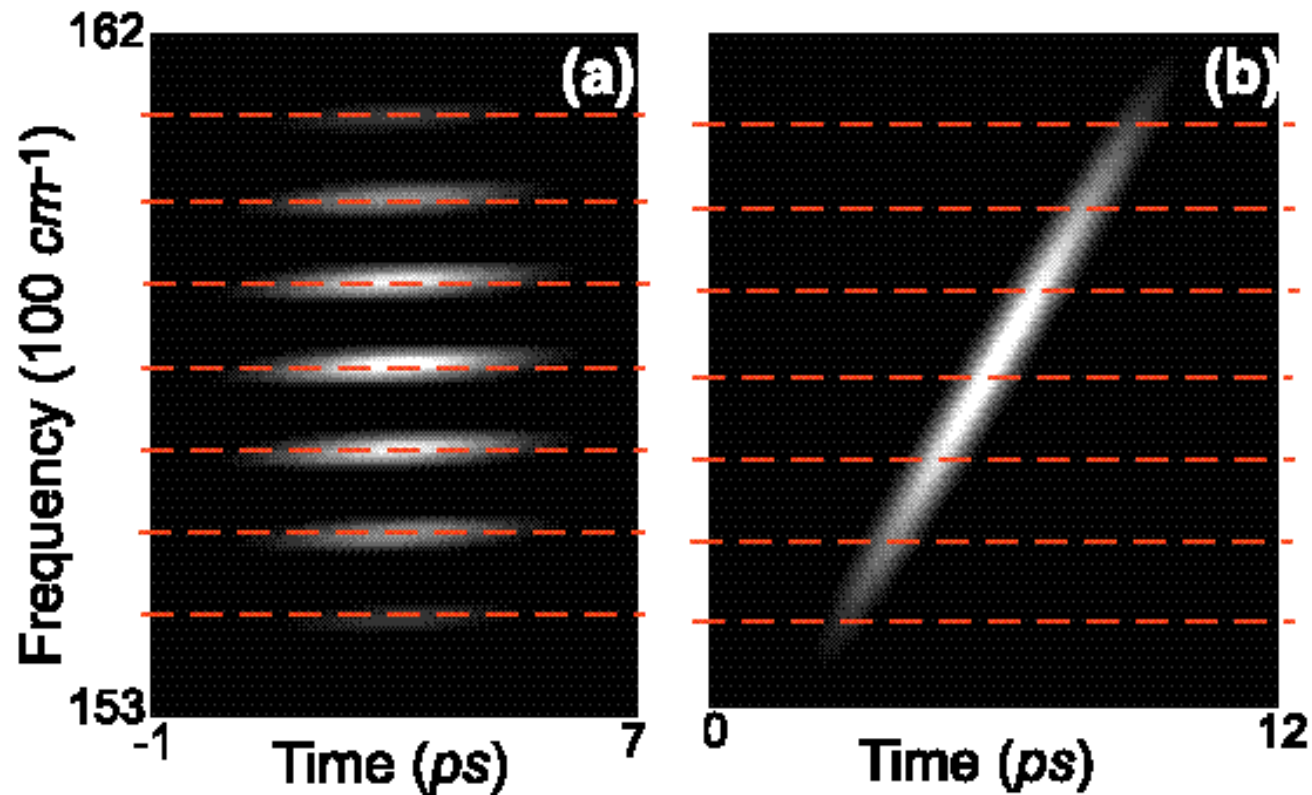
PAP or CCAP?



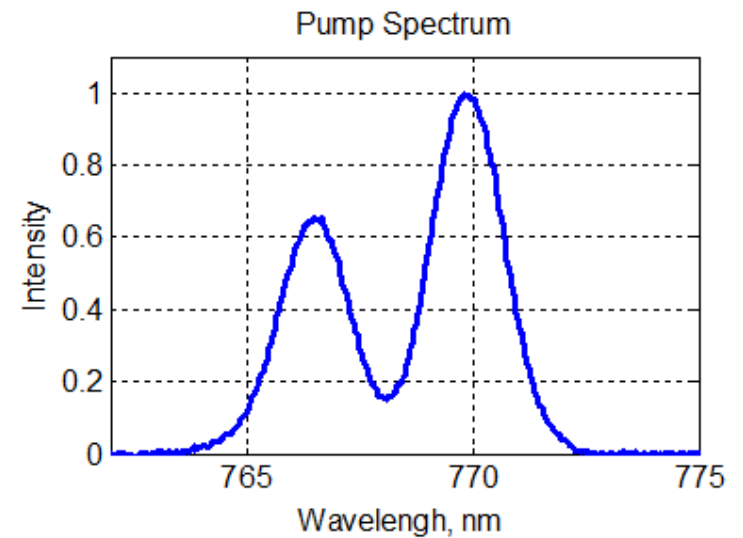
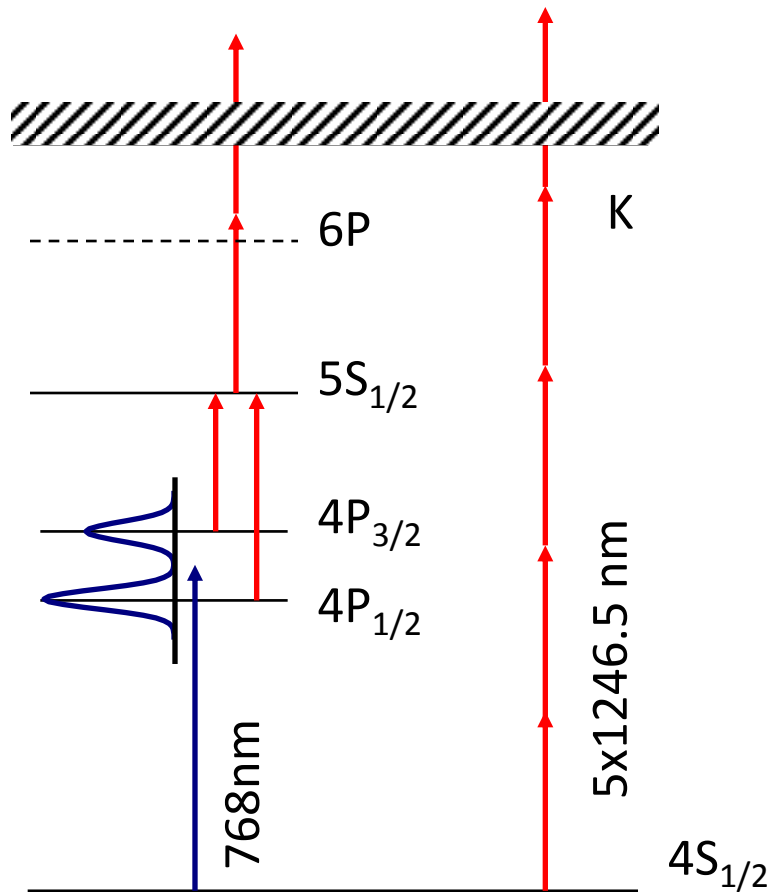
Frequency-domain consideration is more general and intuitive, but skips the short-term dynamics:

The transfer is only coarse-grained adiabatic.

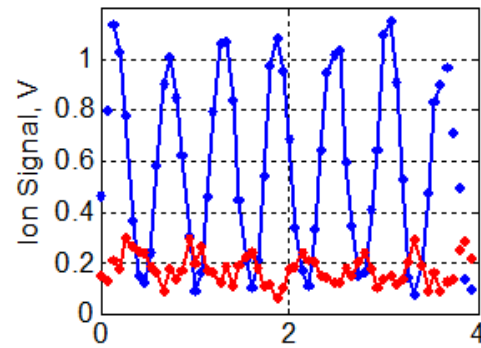
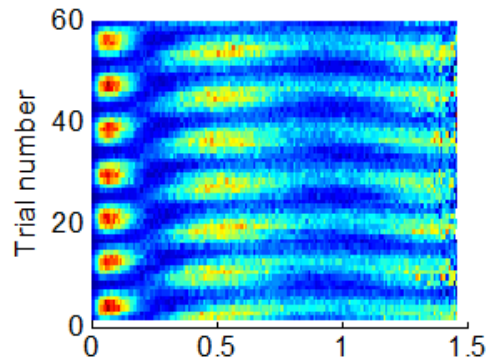
Vs. “Molecular π -pulse”.



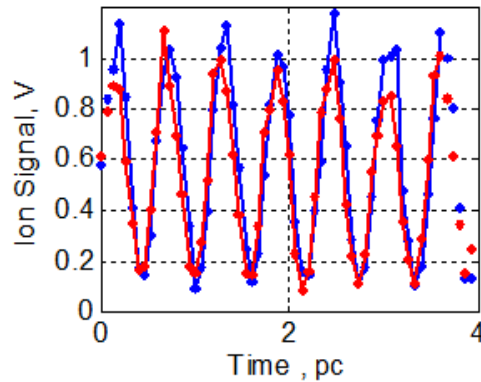
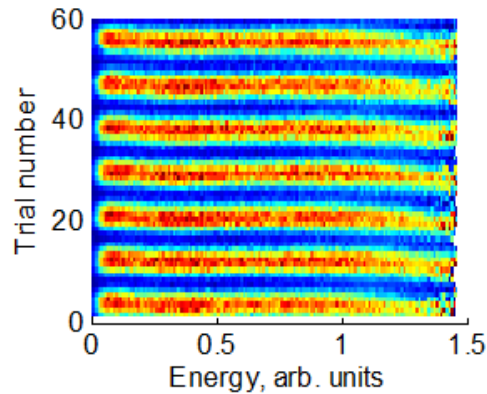
Experiment: $4S_{1/2} \rightarrow 4P_{1/2}-4P_{3/2}$ in K .



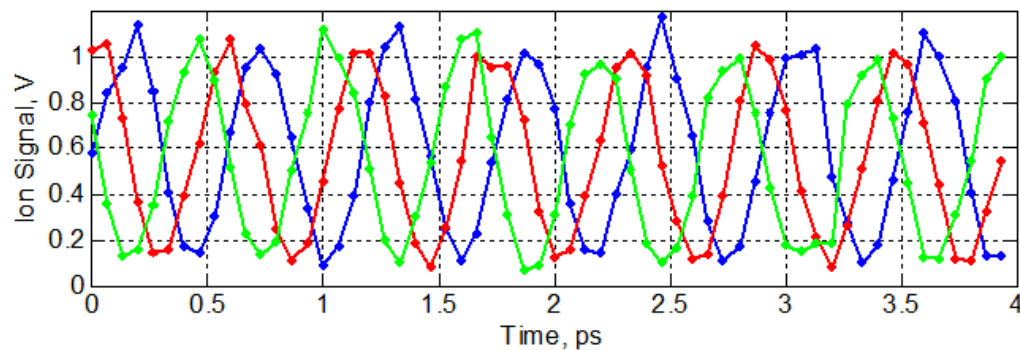
Experiment: $4S_{1/2} \rightarrow 4P_{1/2}-4P_{3/2}$ in K .



no chirp

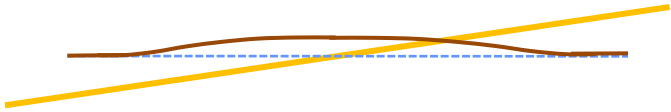


local chirps
 $7 \times 10^5 \text{ fs}^2$

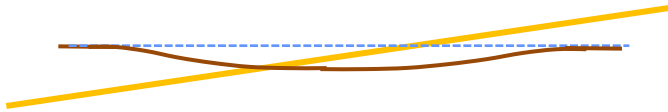


- Phase shift = 0
- Phase shift = $\pi/2$
- Phase shift = π

The Dreadful Stark shifts.



Tricks and rules of thumb
for better transfer.



minor numerical optimization

or



opposite-sign chirps



and

nice wave packets come out nicer

etc etc

SUMMARY.

PAP

Flexible,
reaches many goals

Complete population transfer,
robust with restrictions

As fast as several femtosecond
pulses. No ultimate speedup.



Outlook

Extension of simple AP schemes
to complex systems

Using interferences in the broadband
spectrum. Spectroscopy, Ramsey
clocks, with robust complete
population transfer

Decoherence control?
Using the silent periods
between the pulses

*NB: beat the Stark shifts
and build a frequency comb with ps repetition rate*

REFERENCES on PAP-CCAP

With 2 effective states, RAP-like

S. Zhdanovich, M. Shapiro, J. Hepburn, V. Milner, in preparation – *exp, wave packet*

E. A. Shapiro, V. Milner, M. Shapiro, *PRA* **79**, 023422 (2009) – *theory, wave packet*

S. Zhdanovich, E.A. Shapiro, J. Hepburn, M. Shapiro, V. Milner, *PRL* **100** 103004 (2008)
-- *theory and exp., 2 states.*

With 3 effective states, STIRAP-like, theory.

PAP: time domain perspective, applications.

E.A. Shapiro, A. Pe'er, J. Ye, M. Shapiro, *PRL* **101**, 023601 (2008).

E.A. Shapiro, V. Milner, C. Menzel-Jones, and Moshe Shapiro, *PRL* **99**, 033002 (2007).

A. Pe'er, E.A. Shapiro, M.C. Stowe, Moshe Shapiro, and J. Ye, *PRL* **98**, 113004 (2007).

CCAP: frequency domain perspective, applications.

E. A. Shapiro, M. Shapiro, in “Cold Molecules”, Krems, Stwalley, Friedrich, eds, (2009).

X. Li, G.A. Parker, P. Brumer, I. Thanopoulos M. Shapiro, *J. Chem. Phys.* **128**, 184113 (2008)

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